Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

1. Determine the total fluid volume for the following patients weighing between 5 and 100 pounds. Find the patient's weight and go vertically to the sloped line representing the percent of dehydration. Record the total fluid volume in milliliters from the horizontal line.


| Patient's Weight | \% Dehydration | Total Fluid Volume (mI) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 lbs | $5 \%$ |  |
| 44 lbs | $5 \%$ |  |
| 88 lbs | $5 \%$ |  |
| 28 lbs | $10 \%$ |  |
| 50 lbs | $10 \%$ |  |
| 80 lbs | $10 \%$ |  |
| 29 lbs | $18 \%$ |  |
| 80 lbs | $18 \%$ |  |
| 94 lbs | $18 \%$ |  |

3. Calculate the following for $\qquad$ percent dehydration and plot two points for the patient's weight and total volume on the chart by drawing a sloped line between the two points.

| Patient weight | Replacement Volume | Maintenance Volume | Total Volume |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 5 lbs |  |  |  |
| 100 lbs |  |  |  |


4. Determine the total fluid volume for the following patients weighing between 5 and 100 pounds. Find the patient's weight and go vertically to the sloped line representing the percent of dehydration. Record the total fluid volume in milliliters from the horizontal line.

| Patient's Weight | \% Dehydration | Total Fluid Volume (ml) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 15 lbs |  |  |
| 25 lbs |  |  |
| 35 lbs |  |  |
| 45 lbs |  |  |
| 60 lbs |  |  |
| 75 lbs |  |  |
| 90 lbs |  |  |

